

BREEAM UK New Construction 2018 launch

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- Introduction to BREEAM
- Background to the scheme update
 - Why
 - Timescales
 - External consultation
- Summary of key changes



Internationally recognised measure of a building's sustainability. Helps drive sustainable performance and value. Over 2 million buildings have been registered around the world.

www.breeam.com





Assurance for all stakeholders



1 step ahead of legislation & industry best practices



Based on sound science and standards



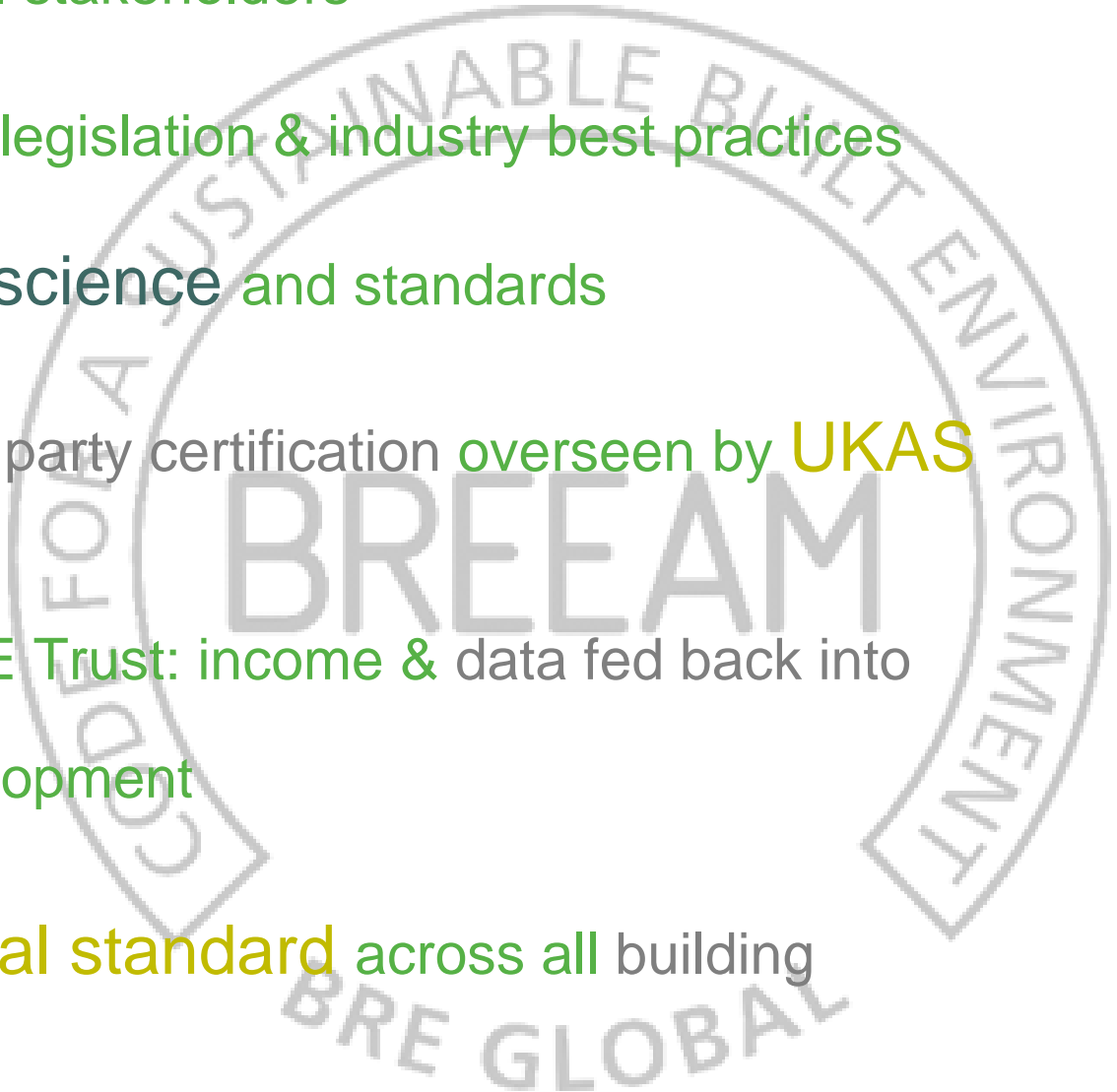
Independent 3rd party certification overseen by **UKAS**



Owned by the BRE Trust: income & data fed back into
research & development



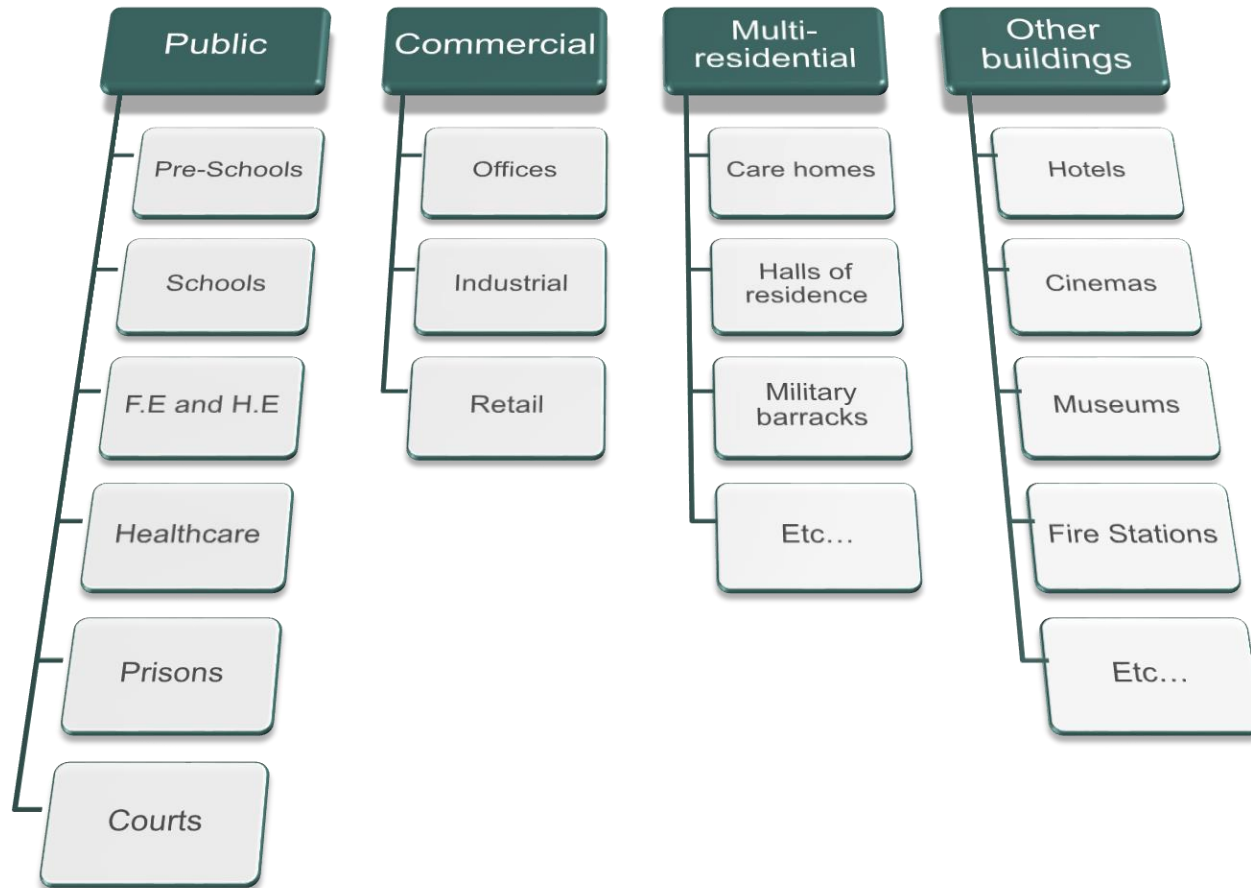
Exemplary global standard across all building
types & countries





BREEAM scheme by built environment lifecycle stages

Scope of BREEAM New Construction



Holistic & scientifically underpinned assessment



Energy



Health and Wellbeing



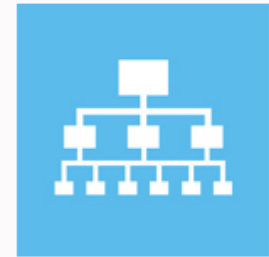
Innovation



Land Use



Materials



Management



Pollution



Transport



Waste



Water

- Value of **BREEAM process - collaboration**
 - Communication within project team / developers / customers
 - Common language, standards, methods and data flows

- Value of meeting **BREEAM standards – better building**
 - Customer and staff experience
 - Whole life costs
 - Business continuity – anticipating flooding, wear, leaks, etc.

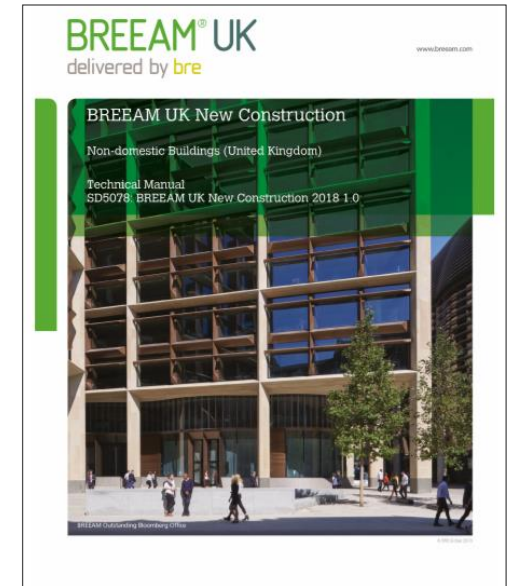
- Value of **BREEAM certification - assurance**
 - Assurance for clients, investors & other stakeholders
 - Ability to formally discharge obligations

Update process

- Launched **27th May 2014**
- Set out new approaches for:
 - Shell only/shell and core projects
 - Integration of Simple buildings criteria
 - Evidence requirements
 - Three new issues
 - Adaptation to climate change
 - Functional adaptability
 - Material efficiency
- **Nearly 900 certified projects so far!**



- General 3-4 year scheme lifecycle
- Changes to key regulations
- Accounting for new/updated standards e.g. BS's
- Maintain recognition and reward for 'Best Practice' in sustainable construction
- Feedback from assessors, clients and other stakeholders
- Structural / visual changes to the manual to support ease of assessment



Stage	Timescales	
Carrying out issue by issue review	September 2016 – January 2017	✓
External consultation	December 2016 – March 2017	✓
Manual development	March 2017 – September 2017	✓
DRAFT BREEAM manual consultation	September 2017 – November 2017	✓
FINAL BREEAM manual – GO LIVE	March 2018	✓

- Dedicated page on the website
- Webinars
- Online survey - Dec 16- March 17
- Assessor customer liaison workshop
- 2 x UK-GBC workshops – Feb & March 17
- Workshops with individual sectors
- Consultation on the DRAFT manual **September 17– November 17**
- **Manual launch – 7th March 18**



<http://www.breeam.com/breeam-uk-new-construction-2018-consultation>

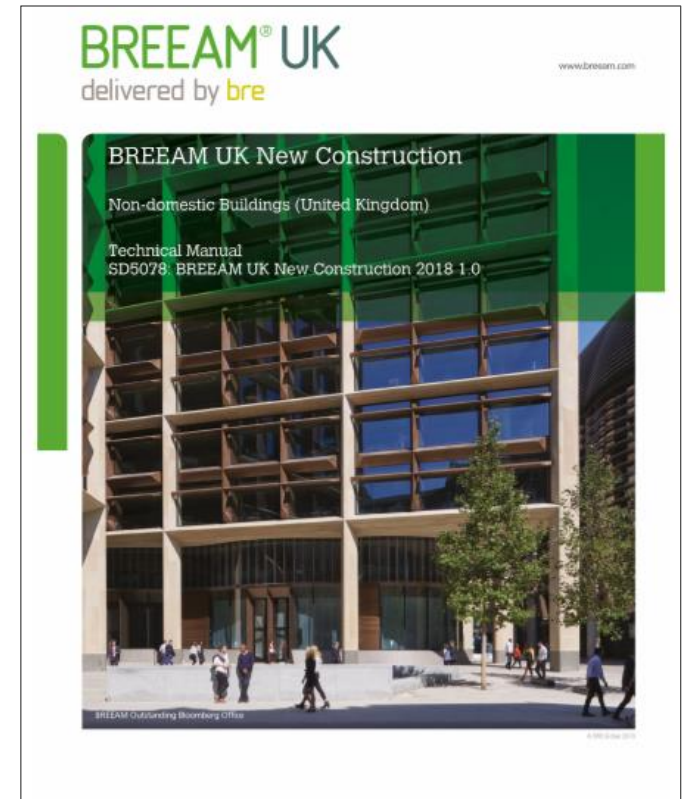
Non-technical changes

Value

- Introduction of ‘value’ and ‘context’ statements for each issue

Accessibility

- Reviewed layout / look and feel of manual (PDF and online)
- Outcome focused criteria



Technical changes

Management

Health and
Wellbeing

Energy

Transport

Water

Materials

Waste

Land-use
and Ecology

Pollution



Energy

Transport

Materials

Land-use and
Ecology

Energy

Transport

Materials

Land-use and
Ecology



Aim

- Support reducing the 'Performance Gap' and accounting for unregulated energy

The issue

- Overall gap estimated at between 200–450%*
- Modellers estimate 50–70%** is the compliance gap-solved with more realistic modelling mirroring the conditions in operation more closely

*Innovate UK, January 2016, 'Building Performance Evaluation Programme: Getting the Best from Buildings — Findings from Non-domestic Projects

**Naghman Khan, 27th April 2016, 'IES Faculty: Intelligent Big Data in Building Services', CIBSE Building Simulation Group, IES, London.

- **Man 01** – Project brief and design
 - Energy strategy workshop
- **Man 05 - Aftercare**
 - Commissioning minimum standard (Excellent)
- **Ene 01** – Reduction of energy use and carbon emissions
 - Detailed energy modelling
- **Post-Occupancy stage**
 - Review performance of actual building



Ene 01- Reduction of energy use and carbon emissions

- Maintain existing approach for nine of the available credits
- Four credits for carrying out detailed energy modelling
- Guidance on the parameters and scenarios for energy modelling detailed in separate document - GN32.



Energy

Optional third stage of certification – **Post-Occupancy stage**

- An assessment review carried out after occupation – 1 year after PC certification.
- Assess aspects of buildings actual performance compared with what was modelled at the completion stage. It will assess:
 - Energy consumption
 - Confirmation of POE and seasonal commissioning etc.
 - Water consumption



Energy

For the building / Client:

- Better understanding of the performance of the building
- Monitoring and reporting informs remedial actions – better performing building

For the wider Industry:

- Increased understanding of the performance gap
- Refinement of energy models



Energy

Energy

Transport

Materials

Land-use and
Ecology

- **Aim:** Encourage access to sustainable means of transport for building users.
- **Historically:** Transport category favoured site locations in urban or metropolitan areas
- **New approach:** Reward projects that implement sustainable transport measures recommended in the travel plan.



Transport

Consolidate Transport category into **2** issues:

Issue 1

- Understanding the baseline, e.g.
 - Travel plan, existing amenities, Accessibility Index etc



Transport

Issue 2

- Steps taken to improve upon the baseline e.g.
 - Improved accessibility, provision of cycle racks, electric car parking spaces, additional amenities etc

- Recognition and reward for what is within the control of the developer
- Encourages incremental improvements
- Benefit local communities as well as occupants
- Rewards more unique solutions



Transport

Energy

Transport

Materials

Land-use and
Ecology

Mat 01 – Environmental impacts from construction products - Building life cycle assessment (LCA)

- Shift of emphasis to whole building life cycle assessment and away from elemental level approach
- LCA quantifies whole building embedded environmental impacts to influence the selection of materials and products.
- Encourages designers and procurers to make decisions on the basis of robust and credible environmental LCA data through the use of EN 15804 compliant EPD and LCA studies



Materials

- **Mat 02** – Hard landscaping and boundary protection
- **Mat 04** – Insulation
–Removed



Materials

NEW ISSUE: Mat 02 - Environmental impacts from construction products

- Whole building consideration of materials through the design and procurement process
- Identifies significant environmental impacts and therefore areas for improvement
- Promotes demand for products that have fewer adverse environmental impacts



Materials

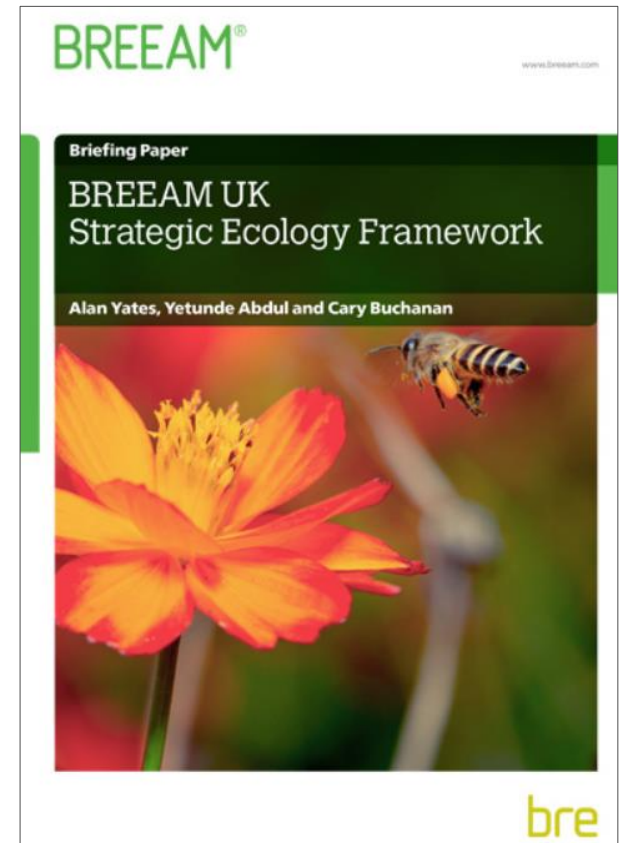
Energy

Transport

Materials

Land-use and
Ecology

- Alignment with the ‘**Strategic ecology framework**’ (published April 2016)
- Developed to help inform and guide future direction of ecological assessment criteria
- BREEAM’s reward mechanism had remained broadly consistent since 1998.
- Resulted in separate consultation for BREEAM wide criteria development



Land-use and ecology

- **LE 01** - Site selection
- **LE 02** - Identifying and understanding the risks and opportunities for the site
- **LE 03** - Managing negative impacts on ecology
- **LE 04** - Change and enhancement of ecological value
- **LE 05** - Long term ecology management and maintenance



Land-use and ecology

Project team member route (Route 1)

- Where ecological opportunities & risks are limited
- Level of ecological risk can practically be understood and addressed by a project team member (non-specialist)

Suitably Qualified Ecologist route (Route 2)

- Where complex ecological systems likely to be present
- More comprehensive
- Higher level of reward than Route 1
- Mandatory for more sensitive sites

- Holistic approach - embed ecology into the entire building lifecycle from design through to completion and operation
- Flexibility - different assessment routes to cater for different scopes/scales of project
- Aligning with future Government methodologies / approaches



Land-use and ecology

And many
more ...



Download the manual here:
<https://www.breeam.com/discover/technical-standards/newconstruction/>

Questions



Thank you

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